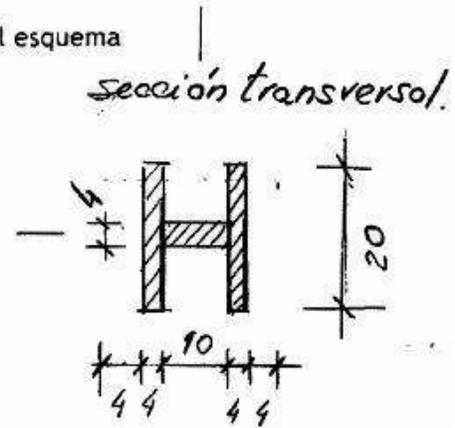
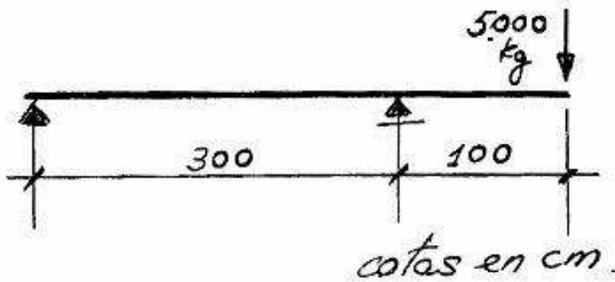


**ME46A**

**Clase auxiliar 5 (2 de Mayo de 2007)**

**Problema N° 1**

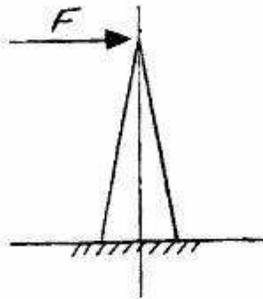
Calcule el máximo esfuerzo de compresión en la viga del esquema



**Problema N° 2**

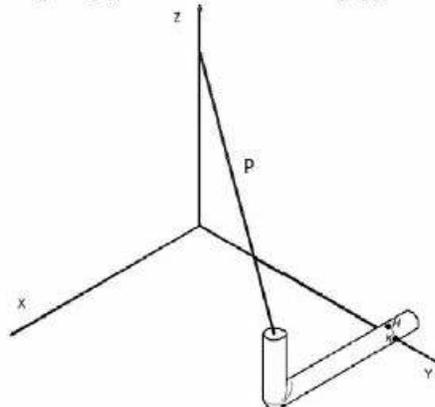
Determine en qué sección se romperá por esfuerzos de flexión la estructura cónica de la figura. No considere los esfuerzos de corte ni el peso propio del cono.

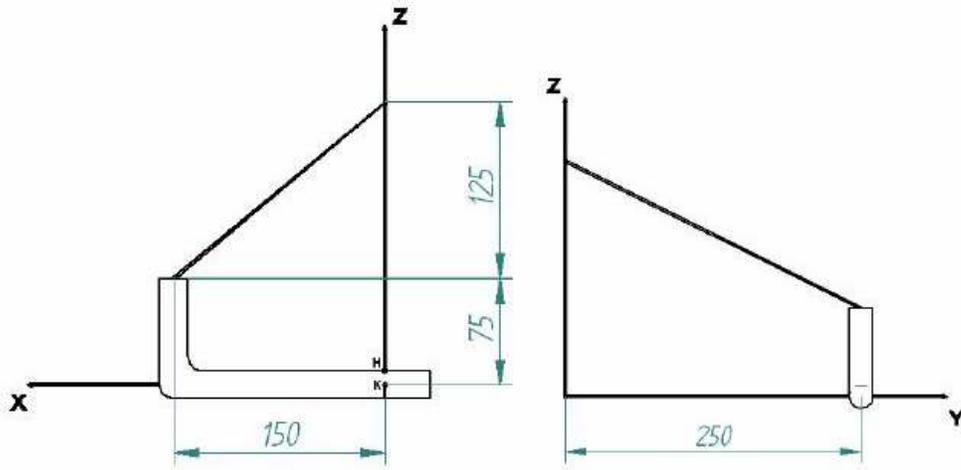
El momento de inercia de una sección circular vale  $\frac{\pi D^4}{64}$



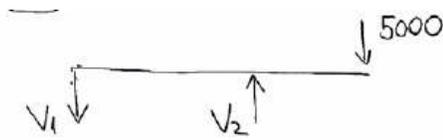
**Problema N° 3**

P2.-Para el sistema de la figura se pide determinar los esfuerzos de compresión y tracción en los puntos H y K. El diámetro  $D = 20$  [mm] y la fuerza  $P = 500$  [Kg]





P1.

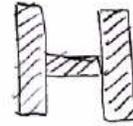


$$\sum F_{y=0} \Rightarrow V_2 - V_1 = 5000$$

$$\sum M_2=0 \Rightarrow 300 V_2 - 400 \cdot 5000 = 0$$

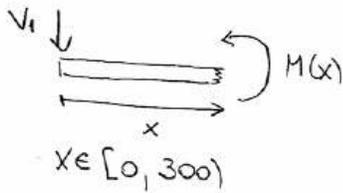
$$V_2 = \frac{20000}{3}$$

$$V_1 = \frac{5000}{3}$$



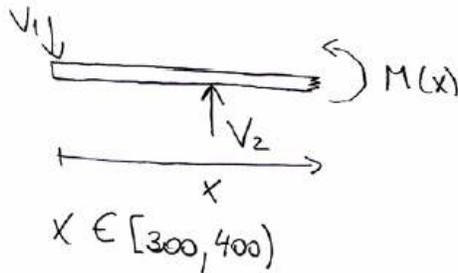
$$I = \frac{1}{12} (2 \cdot 4 \cdot 20^3 + 10 \cdot 4^3)$$

$$I = 5387 \text{ [cm}^4\text{]}$$



$$M(x) + x V_1 = 0$$

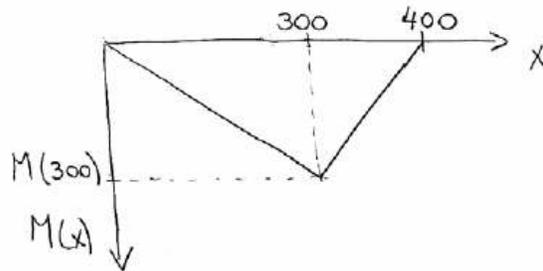
$$M(x) = -\frac{5000}{3} x$$



$$M(x) + x V_1 - (x-300) V_2 = 0$$

$$M(x) = x(V_2 - V_1) - 300 V_2$$

$$M(x) = 5000 x - 2000000$$



$$M_{\max} = |M(300)| = |5000 \cdot 300 - 2000000|$$

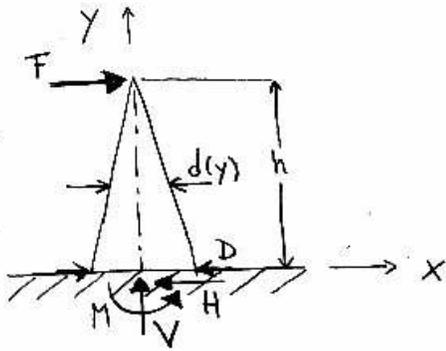
$$M_{\max} = 500000 \text{ [Kg}\cdot\text{cm]}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sigma_{\max} = - \frac{M_{\max} \cdot y_{\max}}{I}$$

$$\sigma_{\max} = - \frac{500000 \cdot 10}{5387}$$

$$\sigma_{\max} = -928,22 \text{ Kg/cm}^2$$

P2.



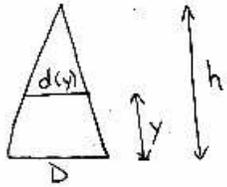
$$\sum F_x = 0 \Rightarrow F - H = 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{H = F}$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{V = 0}$$

$$\sum M_z = 0 \Rightarrow M - h \cdot F \Rightarrow \boxed{M = h \cdot F}$$

• Por teorema de Tales:

$$\frac{D}{h} = \frac{d(y)}{h-y}$$
$$\boxed{d(y) = D \frac{(h-y)}{h}}$$



• Cálculo de  $M(y)$ :



$$\Rightarrow M + M(y) - y \cdot H = 0$$

$$M(y) = Hy - M$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{M(y) = F(y-h)}$$

• Esfuerzo máximo de flexión:

$$\sigma_N = \frac{M \cdot c}{I}$$

$$M = F(y-h)$$

$$c = \frac{d(y)}{2} = \frac{D(h-y)}{2h}$$

$$I = \frac{\pi}{64} d(y)^4 = \frac{\pi}{64} \left( \frac{D(h-y)}{h} \right)^4$$

$$\Rightarrow \sigma_N = \frac{F(y-h) \cdot \frac{D(h-y)}{2h}}{\frac{\pi}{64} \left( \frac{D(h-y)}{h} \right)^4}$$

$$\sigma_N = \frac{32 F(y-h)}{\pi \left( \frac{D(h-y)}{h} \right)^3} = \frac{32 F \cdot h^3}{\pi D^3 (h-y)^2}$$

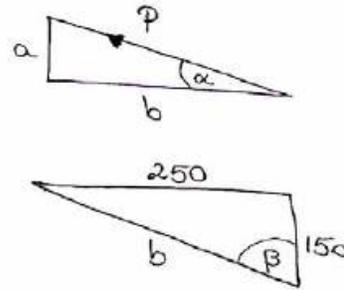
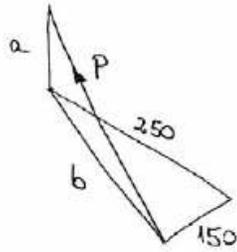
$$\boxed{\sigma_N = \frac{32 F \cdot h^3}{\pi D^3} \frac{1}{(h-y)^2}} \quad y \in [0, h]$$

Cuando  $y \rightarrow h \Rightarrow \sigma_N \rightarrow \infty$

$\therefore \sigma_{N \text{ máximo}} = \sigma_N(y = h - \epsilon)$   $\epsilon$  muy pequeño

$\Rightarrow$  El cono se rompe por flexión en  $y = h - \epsilon$

P3.



$$b = \sqrt{150^2 + 250^2} \Rightarrow b = 291,5 \text{ mm}$$

$$a = 125 \text{ mm}$$

$$\alpha = \arctg\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \Rightarrow \alpha = 23,21^\circ$$

$$\beta = \arctg\left(\frac{250}{150}\right) \Rightarrow \beta = 59,04^\circ$$

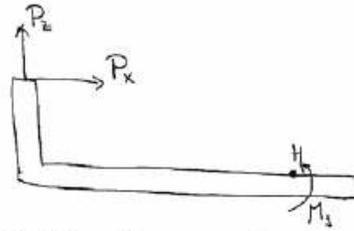
Componentes de P:

$$P_x = -P \cdot \cos \alpha \cdot \cos \beta \hat{x} \Rightarrow P_x = -236,4 \hat{x} \text{ [Kg]}$$

$$P_y = -P \cdot \cos \alpha \cdot \sin \beta \hat{y} \Rightarrow P_y = -394,1 \hat{y} \text{ [Kg]}$$

$$P_z = P \cdot \sin \alpha \hat{z} \Rightarrow P_z = 197,0 \hat{z} \text{ [Kg]}$$

Plano x-z



$$\sum M_y = 0 \Rightarrow M_z = 75 P_x + 150 P_z$$

$$M_z = 47286,6 \text{ [Kg}\cdot\text{mm]}$$

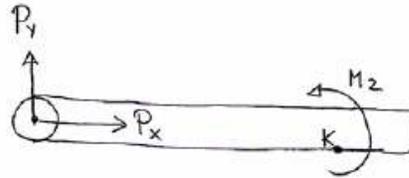
$$\sigma_{fH} = -\frac{M_z \cdot R}{\frac{\pi R^4}{4}} \Rightarrow \sigma_{fH} = -60,21 \text{ [Kg/mm}^2\text{]} \text{ Esfuerzo flexión en H (compresión)}$$

$$\sigma_{AH} = -\frac{P_x}{\pi R^2} \Rightarrow \sigma_{AH} = -0,753 \text{ [Kg/mm}^2\text{]} \text{ Esfuerzo axial en H (compresión)}$$

$$\sigma_H = \sigma_{fH} + \sigma_{AH} = -60,21 - 0,753$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\sigma_H = -60,96 \text{ [Kg/mm}^2\text{]}} \text{ Esfuerzo de compresión en H}$$

Plano x-y



$$\sum M_2 = 0 \Rightarrow M_2 = 150 P_y$$
$$M_2 = 59108,3 \text{ [Kg} \cdot \text{mm]}$$

$$\sigma_{fK} = -\frac{M_2 \cdot (-R)}{\frac{\pi \cdot R^4}{4}} \Rightarrow \sigma_{fK} = 75,26 \text{ [Kg/mm}^2\text{]} \text{ Esfuerzo flexión en K (tracción)}$$

$$\sigma_{AK} = -\frac{P_x}{\pi \cdot R^2} \Rightarrow \sigma_{AK} = -0,753 \text{ [Kg/mm}^2\text{]} \text{ Esfuerzo axial en K (compresión)}$$

$$\sigma_K = \sigma_{fK} + \sigma_{AK} = 75,26 - 0,753$$

$$\rightarrow \boxed{\sigma_K = 74,51 \text{ [Kg/mm}^2\text{]}} \text{ Esfuerzo de tracción en K.}$$