

EJERCICIO N° 7

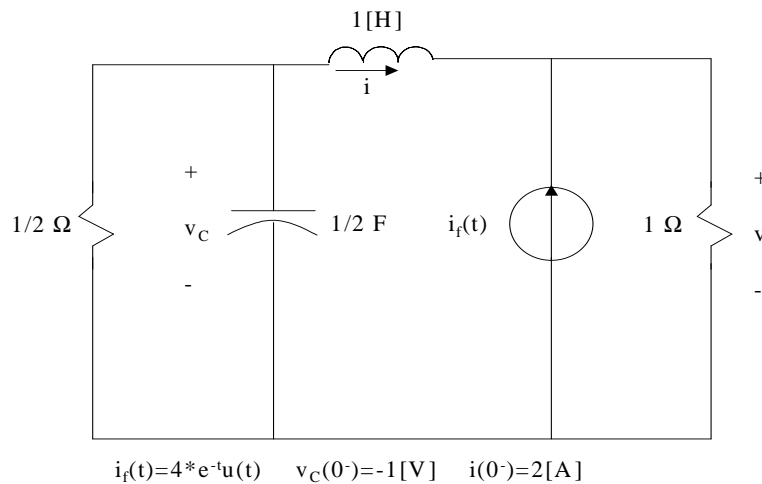
EL 31-A ANALISIS DE REDES I

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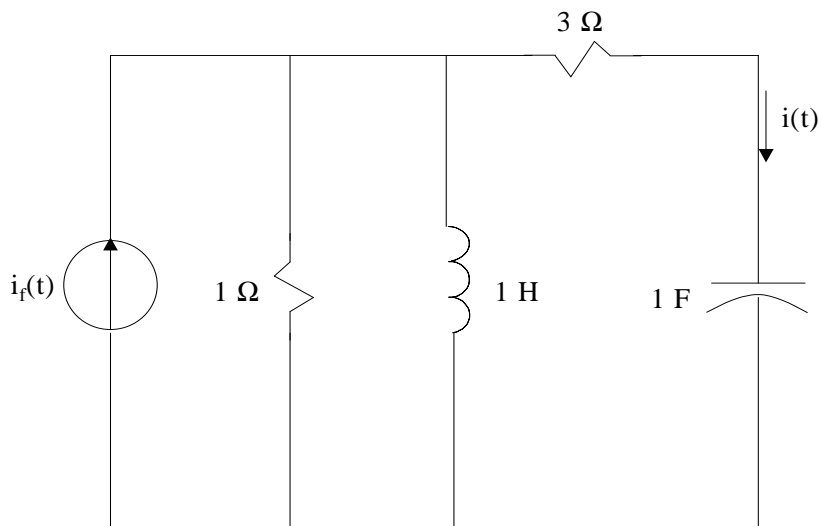
1.- Para la variable $v(t)$ para la red lineal e invariante de la figura, utilizando transformada de Laplace:

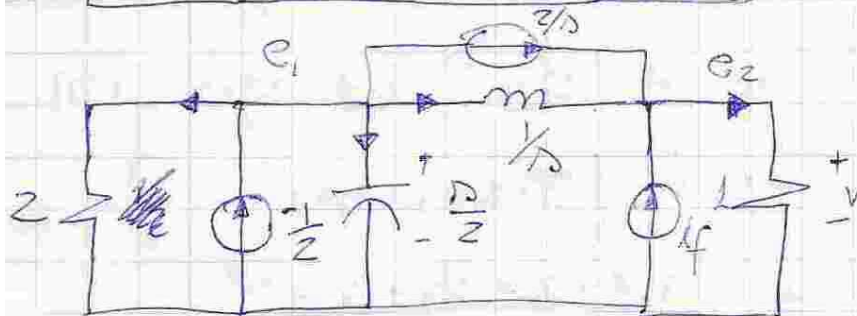
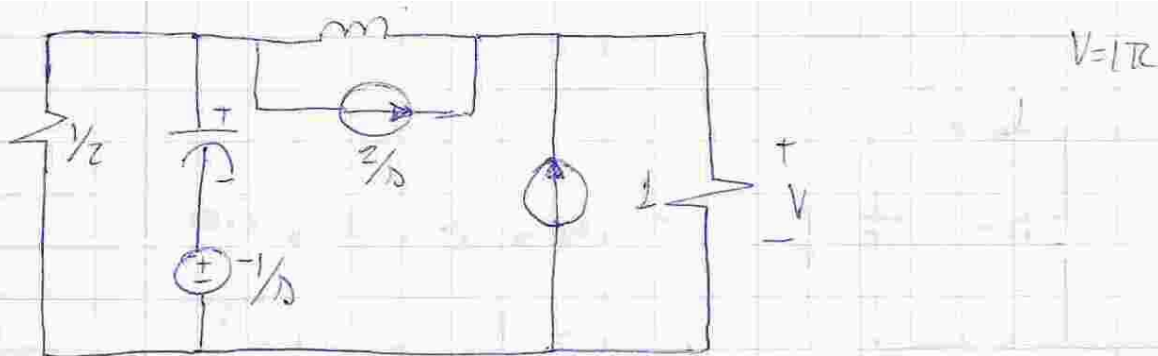
- a) Determine la respuesta de estado cero
- b) Determine la respuesta de entrada cero



2.- Para la red lineal e invariante de la figura:

- a) Determine la función de red $H(s) = \frac{I(s)}{I_f(s)}$
- b) Determine $i(t) = h(t)$, respuesta al impulso.





$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 + \frac{D}{2} + \frac{1}{D} & -\frac{1}{D} \\ -\frac{1}{D} & \frac{1}{D} + 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} e_1 \\ e_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{D} \\ \frac{2}{D} + 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 + \frac{D}{2} + \frac{1}{D} & -\frac{1}{D} \\ -\frac{1}{D} & \frac{1}{D} + 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} e_1 \\ e_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{D} \\ \frac{2}{D} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$1f = \frac{4}{D+1}$$

⇒ entradas cero

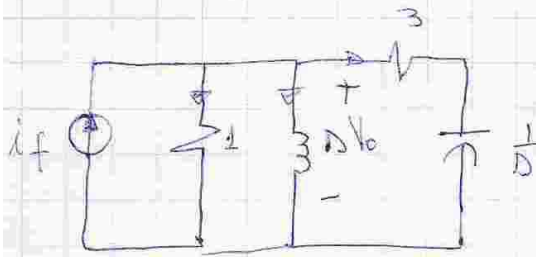
$$e_2 = \frac{4(D^2 + 4D + 2)}{(D+1)(D^2 + 5D + 6)} = \frac{-2}{D+3} + \frac{8}{D+2} + \frac{-2}{D+1}$$

$$\Rightarrow V(t) = -2e^{-3t} + 8e^{-2t} - 2e^{-t}$$

⇒ estado cero

$$e_2 = \frac{2D+7}{D^2+5D+6} = \frac{3}{D+2} - \frac{1}{D+3}$$

$$V(t) = 3e^{-2t} - e^{-3t}$$



$$\Rightarrow i_f = \frac{V_o}{1} + \frac{V_o}{\frac{1}{s}} + i(s)$$

$$V_o = i(s) \cdot \left(3 + \frac{1}{s}\right)$$

$$i_f = i(s) \cdot \frac{3s+1}{s} + \frac{i(s) \cdot (3s+1)}{s} + i(s)$$

$$i_f = i(s) \left(\frac{3s+1}{s} + \frac{3s+1}{s^2} + 1 \right)$$

$$\frac{i_f}{i(s)} = \frac{3s^2 + s + 3s + 1 + s^2}{s^2}$$

$$\frac{i_f}{i(s)} = \frac{4s^2 + 4s + 1}{s^2}$$

$$H(s) = \frac{s^2}{4s^2 + 4s + 1}$$

$$\frac{-1}{2(2s+1)} + \frac{1}{4(2s+1)^2} + \frac{1}{4}$$

las anti transformadas estan en la TI