

PAUTA C 2.1 P2 PRIMAVERA 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_x &= 10^5 \text{ N} \\
 P_y &= 2 \cdot 10^5 \text{ N} \\
 P_z &= -3 \cdot 10^5 \text{ N} \\
 D &= 0,03 \text{ m} \\
 dx &= 0,7 \text{ m} \\
 dy &= 0,5 \text{ m}
 \end{aligned}$$

σ PUNTO A)

$$\sigma_{\frac{N}{A}} = \frac{P_x}{A} = \frac{4P_x}{\pi D^2} = \frac{4 \cdot 10^5}{\pi \cdot 0,03^2} = 1,4147 \cdot 10^8 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}^2}$$

2 pts

$$\sigma_{\frac{M}{A}} = \frac{-M_y}{I} = \frac{-P_y \cdot dx \cdot \frac{D}{2}}{I} = \frac{-32P_y dx}{\pi D^3}$$

2 pts

$$\sigma_{\frac{M}{A}} = \frac{-32 \cdot 2 \cdot 10^5 \cdot 0,7}{\pi \cdot 0,03^3} = -5,2816 \cdot 10^{10} \left[\frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}^2} \right]$$

$$\sigma_{\frac{\text{TOTAL}}{A}} = \sigma_{\frac{N}{A}} + \sigma_{\frac{M}{A}} = 1,4147 \cdot 10^8 - 5,2816 \cdot 10^{10}$$

$$\sigma_{\frac{\text{TOTAL}}{A}} = -5,2674 \cdot 10^{10} \left[\frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}^2} \right]$$

1 pto

σ PUNTO D)

$$\sigma_{\frac{N}{D}} = \frac{P_x}{A} = 1,4147 \cdot 10^8 \left[\frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}^2} \right] \leftarrow 1 \text{ pto.}$$

$$\sigma_{\frac{M}{Dz}} = \frac{-M_y}{I} = \frac{-32P_z \cdot dz}{\pi D^3} = \frac{32 \cdot 3 \cdot 10^5 \cdot 0,7}{\pi (0,03)^3} = 7,9223 \cdot 10^{10} \left[\frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}^2} \right]$$

$$\sigma_{\frac{M}{Dx}} = \frac{M_x}{I} = \frac{+32P_x \cdot dx}{\pi D^3} = \frac{32 \cdot 10^5 \cdot 0,5}{\pi \cdot 0,03^3} = 1,88628 \cdot 10^{10}$$

2 pts

2 pts

$$\sigma_{\frac{\text{TOTAL}}{D}} = \sigma_{\frac{M}{Dz}} + \sigma_{\frac{M}{Dx}} + \sigma_{\frac{N}{D}} = 9,82273 \cdot 10^{10} \left[\frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}^2} \right] \leftarrow 1 \text{ pto.}$$

τ PUNTO A

$$\tau_{v/A} = \frac{4V}{3A} = \frac{16P_z}{3\pi D^2} = \frac{-16 \cdot 3 \cdot 10^5}{3\pi \cdot 0,03^2} = -5,6588 \cdot 10^8 \frac{N}{m^2} \leftarrow 2 \text{ pts.}$$

$$\tau_{r/A} = \frac{T_r}{J} = \frac{T \cdot 16}{\pi D^3} = -\frac{P_y \cdot dz \cdot 16}{\pi D^3} = \frac{-2 \cdot 10^5 \cdot 0,5 \cdot 16}{\pi \cdot 0,03^3}$$

$$\tau_{r/A} = -1,8863 \cdot 10^{10} \left[\frac{N}{m^2} \right] \left. \vphantom{\tau_{r/A}} \right\} 2 \text{ pts.}$$

$$\tau_{\text{TOTAL}/A} = \tau_{v/A} + \tau_{r/A} = -1,942871 \cdot 10^{10} \left[\frac{N}{m^2} \right] \leftarrow 1 \text{ pts.}$$

τ PUNTO D

$$\tau_{v/D} = \frac{4V}{3A} = \frac{16P_y}{3\pi D^2} = \frac{16 \cdot 2 \cdot 10^5}{3 \cdot \pi \cdot 0,03^2} = 3,7726 \cdot 10^8 \frac{N}{m^2}$$

$\leftarrow 2 \text{ pts.}$

$$\tau_{r/D} = \frac{T_r}{J} = \frac{16T}{\pi D^3} = \frac{16P_y dz}{\pi D^3}$$

$$\tau_{r/D} = 1,8863 \cdot 10^{10} \left[\frac{N}{m^2} \right] \left. \vphantom{\tau_{r/D}} \right\} 1 \text{ pts.}$$

$$\tau_{\text{TOTAL}/D} = \tau_{v/D} + \tau_{r/D} = 1,92403 \cdot 10^{10} \left[\frac{N}{m^2} \right] \leftarrow 1 \text{ pts.}$$

Ptos Totales = 20